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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/797,886	03/09/2004	Bratin Saha	10559/913001/P18139/Intel 5086	
20985 7590 08/21/2007 FISH & RICHARDSON, PC P.O. BOX 1022			EXAMINER	
			JOHNSON, BRIAN P	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022		_	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		^	2183	
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			08/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/797,886	SAHA, BRATIN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Brian P. Johnson	2183				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,						
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 June 2007</u> .						
,						
, =-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-34</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 11-34 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement					
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and s	Totalon roquiroment.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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1. Claims 11-34 have been examined.

Acknowledgment of papers filed: amendments and remarks on 05 June 2007.

The papers filed have been placed on record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 11-13, 15-18, 20, 21, 23-27, 29, 30 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lock Reservation (herein Koseki).
- 4. Regarding claim 11 Koseki discloses a machine-implemented method comprising: generating parallel processes in a data processing machine (page 130 Abstract); effecting synchronization between the parallel processes using processor speculation in the data processing machine (page 130 Abstract) to speculatively execute one or more instructions that read-modify- write a lock variable associated with a critical section and end speculation before performing the critical section (Page 132 Lock Reservation); and providing output resulting from the synchronized parallel processes.

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5. Regarding claim 12 Koseki discloses the method of claim 11, wherein said generating parallel processes comprises running a software program that spawns multiple threads in the data processing machine (page 130 Abstract).

- 6. Regarding claim 13 Koseki discloses the method of claim 11, wherein said effecting synchronization comprises translating at least one high-level software instruction into at least one machine instruction that controls speculative execution in a processor (Page 130 footnote 1).
- 7. Regarding claim 15 Koseki discloses the method of claim 11, wherein said providing output comprises sending the output to another data processing machine (Page 135 Multiprocessor Considerations).
- 8. Regarding claim 16 Koseki discloses a article comprising a machine-readable storage medium embodying information indicative of instructions that when performed by one or more machines result in operations comprising: generating parallel processes in a data processing machine (Page 130 Abstract); effecting synchronization between the parallel processes using processor speculation in the data processing machine to speculatively execute one or more instructions that read-modify-write a lock variable associated with a critical section and end speculation before performing the critical section (Page 132 Lock Reservation); and providing output resulting from the synchronized parallel processes.

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- 9. Regarding claim 17 Koseki discloses the article of claim 16, wherein said generating parallel processes comprises running a software program that spawns multiple threads in the data processing machine (Page 130 Abstract).
- 10. Regarding claim 18 Koseki discloses the article of claim 16, wherein said effecting synchronization comprises translating at least one high-level software instruction into at least one machine instruction that controls speculative execution in a processor (Page 130 footnote 1)
- 11 Regarding claim 20 Koseki discloses the article of claim 16, wherein said providing output comprises sending the output to another data processing machine (Page 135 Multiprocessor Considerations).
- 12. Regarding claim 21 Koseki discloses a machine-implemented method comprising: speculatively executing machine instructions, including a memory access instruction, in a processing system to effect synchronization between parallel processes (Page 130 Abstract), wherein the speculatively executing comprises performing a speculative read- modify-write to a lock variable associated with a critical section; retiring the speculatively executed machine instructions to end speculation before performing the critical section (Page 132 Lock Reservation); and maintaining cache coherence in the processing system during said executing and said retiring to identify a

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mis-speculation to effect the synchronization between the parallel processes (Page 138 Section 5.1).

- 13. Regarding claim 23 Koseki discloses the method of claim 21, wherein said speculatively executing machine instructions comprises speculatively executing machine instructions in the processing system comprising multiple processors (Page 135 Multiprocessor Considerations), and the mis-speculation comprises a memory dependency violation (Page 132 Lock Reservation).
- 14. Regarding claim 24 Koseki discloses the method of claim 21, wherein the misspeculation comprises at least one of an interrupt, an external event, and a memory dependency violation (Page 132 Lock Reservation).
- 15. Regarding claim 25 Koseki discloses a system comprising: a processor having a processor architecture that provides speculative execution of machine instructions and exposes said speculative execution to program control through at least one machine instruction; and a memory coupled with the processor, the memory embodying information indicative of instructions (Page 130 Abstract), including the at least one machine instruction (Page 130 footnote 1), that result in synchronization between parallel processes when performed by the processor with detection of mis-speculation; wherein performance of the instructions by the processor comprises performing a

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speculative read-modify-write to a lock variable associated with a critical section and ending speculation before performing the critical section (Page 132 Lock Reservation).

- 16. Regarding claim 26 Koseki discloses the system of claim 25, wherein the processor comprises a uniprocessor (Page 135 Multiprocessor Considerations).
- 17. Regarding claim 27 Koseki discloses the system of claim 25, wherein the processor comprises a multiprocessor (Page 135 Multiprocessor Considerations).
- 18. Regarding claim 29 Koseki discloses the system of claim 25, further comprising: a communication interface; and a virtual machine that translates the information, received via the communication interface, into the at least one machine instruction (Page 130 Footnote 1).
- 19. Regarding claim 30 Koseki discloses the system of claim 29, wherein the virtual machine comprises a Java virtual machine (Page 130 Footnote 1).
- 20. Regarding claim 34 Koseki discloses the processing system of claim 33, wherein said means for detecting a mis-speculation comprises means for maintaining cache coherence in the processing means (Page 138 Section 5.1).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 21. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 22. Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koseki in view Transactional Memory (herein Moss).
- 23. Regarding claim 33, Koseki discloses a processing system comprising: processing means for speculatively executing machine instructions in response to a speculative execution instruction (Page 130 Abstract), including means for detecting a mis-speculation; means for treating multiple speculative instructions as a group for purposes of retirement such that the multiple speculative instructions are flushed from the processing means together and execution proceeds from an address in response to a detected mis-speculation to effect synchronization between parallel processes; wherein performance of the instructions by the processing means comprises performing a speculative read-modify-write to a lock variable associated with a critical section and ending speculation before performing the critical section (Page 132 Lock Reservation).

Koseki fails to disclose the use of a COMMIT instruction that retires multiple speculative instructions as a group.

Moss discloses such a COMMIT instruction (Page 290).

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Koseki would have been motivated to use the COMMIT instruction to treat the multiple speculative instructions as a single instruction to simplify retirement of the instructions.

It would have been obvious at the time of the invention for one of ordinary skill in the art to take the processing system of Koseki and include the COMMIT instruction of Moss.

- 24. Claims 14, 19, 22, 28 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koseki in view of Common Art.
- Regarding claims 14 and 19 Koseki discloses the method of claim 11.Koseki fails to disclose the remaining limitations.

Examiner takes Official Notice that an our-of-order processor with an out-of-order retirement unit is common in the art.

Koseki would have been motivated to utilize this technique to improve efficiency within the processing system.

It would have been obvious at the time of the invention for one of ordinary skill in the art to take the processing system of Koseki and include the out-of-order processing techniques found in common art. It is further obvious that, based on dependencies, some machine instructions would limit when other machine instructions are retired.

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26. Regarding claim 22, Koseki discloses method of claim 21 including a system that maintains cache coherency.

Koseki fails to disclose that this system is based in invalidation.

Examiner takes Official Notice that this type of invalidation of cache systems is common in the art.

Koseki would have been motivated to utilize this technique because it is a common, simple, and efficient method of maintaining multiple levels of caches.

It would have been obvious at the time of the invention for one of ordinary skill in the art to take the processing system of Koseki and include the cache invalidation system found in Common Art.

27. Regarding claim 28, Koski discloses the system of claim 27.

Koseki fails to disclose multiple processing units on a single die.

Examiner takes Official Notice that multiprocessing on a single die is common in the art.

Koseki would have been motivated to place the system on a single die for benefits in cost, efficiency, area, and power.

It would have been obvious at the time of the invention for one of ordinary skill in the art to take the multiprocessing system of Koseki and place it on a single die.

28. Regarding claim 32, Koseki discloses the system of claim 25.

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Koseki fails to disclose an environmental sensor. further comprising an environmental sensor coupled with the processor.

Allowable Subject Matter

29. Claim 31 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

No prior art of record includes the limitations of claim 31 including operand indicating the starting location in case of a misspeculation. Since the misspeculation, in the case of Koseki, would be sent to a definite address, it would not be an obvious change to cause an instruction's operand to indicate such a starting address.

Conclusion

The following is text cited from 37 CFR 1.111(c): In amending in reply to a rejection of claims in an application or patent under reexamination, the applicant or patent owner must clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. The applicant or patent owner must also show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian P. Johnson whose telephone number is (571) 272-2678. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-4:30 M-F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Chan can be reached on (571) 272-4162. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.